Equilibrium / Acids and Bases- Review Aid

- 1. A homogeneous equilibrium may involve
 - A) ` a reaction between two gases that produces a gaseous product
 - B) a reaction in which the reactants and products are in different phases
 - C) a reaction between an aqueous solution of ions that produces a solid precipitate
 - D) None of the above
- 2. Which of the following is not true?
 - Equilibrium can be approached from either direction of a A) reaction.
 - B) At equilibrium, the concentration of reactants does not have to equal the concentration of products.
 - C)) At equilibrium, the concentration of reactants must equal the concentration of products.
 - D) The rate of the forward and reverse reaction must be equal.
- 3. When does the rate of the forward reaction of a reversible reaction decrease?
 - when the temperature is increased A)
 - B) when the initial concentration of the reactants increases
 - when the rate of the reverse reaction increases
 - when the rate of the reverse reaction remains constant
- 4. What is the reaction equation that corresponds to the following equilibrium expression?

A)
$$2SO_{3(g)}^{TM} 2O_2 + 2SO_{2(g)}$$

B)
$$2O_2 + 2SO_{2(g)}^{TM} 2SO_{3(g)}$$

C)
$$O_2 + 2SO_{2(g)}^{TM} 2SO_{3(g)}$$

(D)
$$2SO_{3(g)}^{TM} O_2 + 2SO_{2(g)}$$

5. Which of the foll a reaction mixture	owing equilibrium constant values indicates products are in exce at equilibrium?
A)	1.2 x 10 ⁻²
B)	1.2 x 10 ⁻⁵
C)	0
(D)	1.2 x 10 ⁵
6. Which of the foll	owing is true if the reaction quotient is greater than Kc?
A)	The system is at equilibrium.
B)	Equilibrium will be achieved by moving to the right.
C)	Products are favoured.
(D)	The system must move to the left to achieve equilibrium.
7. What effect will i	ncreasing the temperature have on an endothermic reaction?
A)	It will decrease the value of Kc and the equilibrium will shift
towa	ard the reactants.
(B)	It will increase the value of Kc and the equilibrium will shift
towa	ard the products.
C)	It will decrease the value of Kc and the equilibrium will shift
towa	ard the products.
D) towa	It will increase the value of Kc and the equilibrium will shift and the reactants.
8. What effect will i	ncreasing the volume of a container at constant temperature haven.
(A)	A reaction with more gaseous product molecules than reactan
gase	ous molecules will shift toward the products.
B)	A reaction with fewer gaseous product molecules than reactar
gase	ous molecules will shift toward the products.
	The value of Kc for a reaction with fewer gaseous product
C)	
	ecules than reactant gaseous molecules will increase.

9. In the reaction below, which of the following changes will not cause a shift in the equilibrium?

$$C_{(s)} + CO_{2(g)}^{TM} 2CO_{(g)} \Delta H^{\circ} = 172 \text{ kJ}$$

- (A) Using a catalyst
- B) Adding CO2(g)
- C) Removing CO(g)
- D) Decreasing the temperature

10. The synthesis reaction of ammonia shown below is exothermic. What is the function of the catalyst used?

$$N_{2(g)} + 3H_{2(g)}$$
 TM $2NH_{2(g)}$

- A) To increase the yield
- B) To decrease the temperature of the reaction
- C) To allow the reaction to occur at a faster rate
- D) To allow the reaction to occur at a slower rate
- 11. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - A) Most acids and bases are strong.
 - (B) Most acids and bases are weak.
 - C) All polyprotic acids are strong.
 - D) All metal hydroxides are strong bases.
- 12. Which of the following statements at is true of neutral water at room temperature?
 - A) The concentration of H3O+ is 18 g/L.
 - B) The concentration of H3O+ is equal to 1.0 x 10-7 mol/L.
 - C) The concentration of H3O+ is 55 mol/L.
 - D) The concentration of H3O+ is greater than the concentration of OH-.

13. What is true in basic solution?

- A) The concentration of H3O+ is greater than $1.0 \times 10-7 \text{ mol/L}$.
- B) The concentration of H3O+ is equal to $1.0 \times 10-7 \text{ mol/L}$.
- C) The concentration of H3O+ is less than 1.0 x 10-7 mol/L.
- D) The concentration of H3O+ is greater than the concentration of OH-.

14. Solution A has a pH of 8.2 and solution B has a pH of 10.2. Which statement is true?

- A) Solution A is more basic and its [H3O+] is 100 times greater than solution B.
- B) Solution B is more basic and its [H3O+] is 100 times less than solution A.
- C) Solution A is more basic and its [H3O+] is 100 times less than solution B.
- D) Solution B is more basic and its [H3O+] is 100 times greater than solution A.

15. Which data describes the most acidic solution?

- A) [H30+]=10-3 mol/L
- B) [OH-] = 10-10 mol/L
- C) pH = 6
- (D) pOH = 12

16. Which equation shows the concentration of hydronium ions if the pH is 2.5?

- A) | [H3O+] = 10-2.5
- B) [H3O+] = 2.5
- C) [H3O+] = 14.0 2.5
- D) [OH-] = 2.5